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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

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FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/09 AND ENDING 12/31/09
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: FIRST INTEGRITY CAPITAL PARTNERS CORP.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)
330 CLEMATIS STREET, #210

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FIRM I.D. NO.

WEST PALM BEACH

(No. and Street)

FL

(State)

33401

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
ENRIQUE ALVAREZ (770) 263-7300

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*
RUBIO CPA, PC

2120 POWERS FERRY RD, SUITE 350

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

ATLANTA

(Address)

GA

(State)

30339

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

☒ Certified Public Accountant

☐ Public Accountant

☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

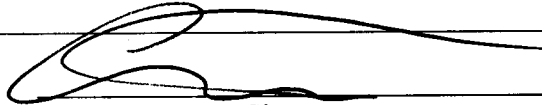
SEC 1410 (06-02)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

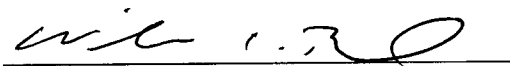
I, ENRIQUE ALVAREZ, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of FIRST INTEGRITY CAPITAL PARTNERS CORP., as of DECEMBER 31, 20 09, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:



Signature

FINOP

Title



Notary Public

WILLIAM C BRAND
NOTARY PUBLIC
Gwinnett County
State of Georgia
Commission Expires 07/11/2010

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- ☒ (a) Facing Page.
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☒ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- ☒ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- ☒ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☒ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- ☒ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☒ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

****For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).**

FIRST INTEGRITY CAPITAL PARTNERS CORP.
Financial Statements
For the Year Ended
December 31, 2009
With
Independent Auditor's Report

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Stockholder
First Integrity Capital Partners Corp.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of First Integrity Capital Partners Corp., as of December 31, 2009 and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2009, that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of First Integrity Capital Partners Corp., as of December 31, 2009 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2009 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Schedules I, II and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

February 5, 2010
Atlanta, Georgia



RUBIO CPA, PC

FIRST INTEGRITY CAPITAL PARTNERS CORP.
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2009

ASSETS

	<u>2009</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 47,584
Accounts receivable – clearing broker	46,208
Deposit with clearing broker	26,838
Other assets	<u>9,863</u>
 Total Assets	 <u>\$ 130,493</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

LIABILITIES

Accounts payable	\$ 10,198
Accrued payroll and other	<u>32,427</u>
 Total Liabilities	 <u>42,625</u>

STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Common stock, no par value, 100 shares authorized, 100 shares issued and outstanding	100
Paid-in capital	76,213
Retained earnings	<u>11,555</u>

Total Stockholder's Equity	<u>87,868</u>
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Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	<u>\$ 130,493</u>
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

FIRST INTEGRITY CAPITAL PARTNERS CORP.
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	<u>2009</u>
REVENUES	
Commissions	\$ 474,102
Interest	<u>807</u>
Total revenues	<u>474,909</u>
 GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	
Employee compensation and benefits	322,187
Clearing costs	15,188
Communications	25,770
Occupancy	22,974
Unrealized loss on securities owned	2,307
Other operating expenses	<u>56,988</u>
Total expenses	<u>445,414</u>
 NET INCOME	 <u><u>\$ 29,495</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

FIRST INTEGRITY CAPITAL PARTNERS CORP.
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	<u>2009</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Net income	\$ 29,495
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Unrealized loss from securities in clearing deposit	2,307
Increase in accounts receivable - clearing broker	(27,439)
Increase in other assets	(1,598)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>20,125</u>
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>22,890</u>
 NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	 22,890
 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BALANCE:	
Beginning of year	<u>24,694</u>
 End of year	 <u>\$ 47,584</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

FIRST INTEGRITY CAPITAL PARTNERS CORP.
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Balance, December 31, 2008	\$ 58,373
Net income	<u>29,495</u>
Balance, December 31, 2009	<u><u>\$ 87,868</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

FIRST INTEGRITY CAPITAL PARTNERS CORP.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2009

NOTE A — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Description of Business: The Company is a registered broker dealer organized under the laws of the state of Florida that began business in September 2008. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and the securities commissions of appropriate states.

The Company's business is retail brokerage of marketable securities for customers located throughout the United States. The Company operates from offices located in West Palm Beach, Florida.

Cash and Cash Equivalents: The Company considers all cash and money market instruments with a maturity of ninety days or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

The Company maintains its demand deposits in a high credit quality financial institution. Balances at times may exceed federally insured limits.

Income Taxes: The Company has elected to be taxed as an S corporation whereby the income or losses of the Company flow through to its stockholder and no income taxes are recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

Estimates: Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

Securities Transactions: Customer's securities transactions and related commission income and expenses are reported on a settlement date basis which approximates trade date basis.

NOTE B — NET CAPITAL

The Company, as a registered broker dealer is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital of \$74,740, which was \$69,740 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000 and its ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .57 to 1.0.

FIRST INTEGRITY CAPITAL PARTNERS CORP.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2009

NOTE C — OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

In the normal course of business, the Company's customers execute securities transactions through the Company. These activities may expose the Company to off balance sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

NOTE D — RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company's operations are conducted out of premises leased from its stockholder for \$1,800 monthly. Rent expense for 2009 is \$21,600.

The above amounts and terms are not necessarily indicative of the amounts and terms that would have been incurred had comparable transactions been entered into with independent parties.

NOTE E — CLEARING BROKER-DEALER

The Company clears all of its proprietary and customer transactions through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis. The fully disclosed correspondent/clearing agreement requires a deposit with the clearing firm. Provided that the Company is not in default of its obligations or liabilities to the clearing firm, the clearing firm will return the security deposit following termination of the fully disclosed correspondent/clearing agreement.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE I
FIRST INTEGRITY CAPITAL PARTNERS CORP.

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1
OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION ACT OF 1934
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

NET CAPITAL:

Total stockholder's equity	<u>\$ 87,868</u>
Less nonallowable assets:	
Other assets	<u>(9,862)</u>
Net capital before haircuts	78,006
Less haircuts	<u>(3,267)</u>
Net capital	74,739
Minimum net capital required	<u>5,000</u>
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 69,739</u>
Aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 42,625</u>
Net capital based on aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 2,842</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>.57 to 1.0</u>

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL INCLUDED
IN PART IIA OF FORM X-17A-5 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

There is no significant difference between net capital in the FOCUS report as of December 31, 2009 and net capital reported above.

FIRST INTEGRITY CAPITAL PARTNERS CORP.

**SCHEDULE II
COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS
UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009**

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of the Rule.

**SCHEDULE III
INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS
UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009**

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of the Rule.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL
REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5**

To the Stockholder
First Integrity Capital Partners Corp.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of First Integrity Capital Partners Corp., for the year ended December 31, 2009, we considered its internal control structure, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including test of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by First Integrity Capital Partners Corp., that we considered relevant to the objective stated in Rule 17a-5(g). We also made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedure for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company related to the following: (1) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; (2) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; and (3) in obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2009 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of the Company to achieve all the division of duties and cross-checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control, and that alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

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This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and should not be used for any other purpose.

February 5, 2010
Atlanta, Georgia

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Rubio CPA, PC". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

RUBIO CPA, PC